

<sup>\*</sup> Per 100,000 employed adults aged ≥16 years. Data from the Adult Blood Epidemiology and Surveillance Program. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH/CDC). Denominators for 2012 extracted from 2013 U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of labor Statistics Current Population Survey, available at http://www.bls.gov/data.

In 2012, the states with the highest reported prevalence of elevated blood lead levels were Missouri (106.66) and Kansas (77.32). Prevalence rate range for Illinois and Massachusetts were estimated from prevalence rate of BLL ≥25 µg/dL and BLL reports ≥15 µg/dL